Action-Reaction started here... instituted King George III of England and prevented the American colonists from settling west of the Appalachians... intended to prevent future conflict/war, because England was indebted and couldn’t afford more fighting.

Reaction = Rebellion...
Colonists refused being told not to go West Young Men... and went anyway... and so it began...

The Proclamation Line, 1763

Sugar Act, 1764

Currency Act, 1764

Stamp Act, 1765

Quartering Act, 1765

Declaratory Act, 1766

Townsend Revenue Acts, 1767

Boston Massacre, 1770
Tea Act, 1773

Intolerable Acts. 1774
- Boston Port Bill
- Quebec Act
- Administration of Justice Act
- Mass. Bay Regulating Act
- New Quartering Act, 1775

New England Restraining Act, 1775

King dismisses petition of First Continental Congress, 1775

Even after Britain issued the Royal Proclamation of 1763, Daniel Boone continued to settle areas west of the Appalachian Mountains. This 1851 painting, Daniel Boone Leading Settlers through the Cumberland Gap, depicts the popular image of a confident Boone leading the early pioneers fearlessly into the West.

April, 1775... Ready to fight at a moment's notice, minutemen began fighting early in the American Revolution. Their efforts at Lexington and Concord inspired many patriots to take up arms against Britain. The first battle of the war, Lexington, marked the beginning of the American Revolution. Although Lexington and Concord were considered British military victories, they gave a moral boost to the American colonists.