Name ________________________________ Date ________________ Period __________

Bentley Chapter 22 Study Guide: Transoceanic Encounters & Global Connections

The Exploration of the World’s Oceans

Motives for Exploration (p. 466-467)
1. What was the most important motive for European exploration?

Motives for Exploration: Portuguese Exploration (p. 467)
2. How did sugar play a role in European exploration?

Motives for Exploration: The Lure of Trade (p. 467-468)
3. By the fourteenth century what did merchants and monarchs hope to find?
4. How did African trade call Europeans to sea trade?

Motives for Exploration: Missionary Efforts (p. 468)
5. Describe the different ways Christianity was spread.

The Technology of Exploration (p. 468)
6. Where did Europeans inherit their nautical (sailing) technology?

The Technology of Exploration: Ships and Sails (p. 468)
7. Describe the new technology with ships and sails that Europeans constructed?

The Technology of Exploration: Navigational Instruments (p. 468-469)
8. What were the most important navigational technologies and where did Europeans obtain these goods from (trade route and countries/people)?

The Technology of Exploration: Knowledge of Winds and Currents (p. 469)
9. Why was the learning of wind patterns important to mariners?
10. How did Prince Henry of Portugal impact exploration?

11. What did Dias’s discovery of a sea route to the Indian Ocean offer European merchants?

12. How did the Portuguese work their way into Indian Ocean trade by 1500 and what other Europeans entered into Indian Ocean trade by the late 16th century?

13. What ideas did Columbus want to prove?

14. Where did Columbus’s voyage land him and where did he think he was?

15. As news of Columbus’s voyages spread, what other European nations soon followed in seeking passages to Asia?

16. What were the consequences of Columbus’s voyages?

17. What was the result of Magellan’s voyage?

18. What trade route was established by the Spanish in the Pacific?

19. What is the significance of the voyages of Captain James Cook, and the English, French, and Russian voyages discussed in the previous section?
Trade and Conflict in Early Modern Asia (p. 475-476)

20. Describe the goal of Portuguese mariners and what resources they sought to control.

Trading-Post Empires: Portuguese Trading Posts (p. 476)

21. Describe how Alboquerque’s boasts about the Portuguese in the Indian Ocean was exaggerated.

22. What shift occurred with Europeans in the Indian Ocean by the late 16th century?

Trading-Post Empires: Afonso d’Alboquerque (p. 476-477)

23. What advantages did English and Dutch merchants enjoy over the Portuguese?

Trading-Post Empires: English and Dutch Trading Posts (p. 477-478)

24. Describe the two powerful joint-stock companies were founded in 1600 and 1602 and their impact. Be sure to also define joint-stock company.

European Conquests in Southeast Asia (p. 479-480)

25. Where were Europeans able to impose their rule in Southeast Asia?

European Conquests in Southeast Asia: Conquest of the Philippines (p. 480)

26. Who conquered the Philippines?

European Conquests in Southeast Asia: Manila (p. 480)

27. Describe the importance of Manila.

28. How did the Spanish spread Roman Catholicism in the Philippines?
29. Describe the interactions of the Dutch in Southeast Asia.

30. What was the lucrative commodity that lured Russians eastward, and how far did they expand?

31. Read the *Native Peoples of Siberia* and *Russian Occupation of Siberia*. Describe interactions between Russians and the indigenous peoples of Siberia. What were Russian motives to settle in Siberia?

32. What caused conflicts between Europeans throughout the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries?

33. What type of conflict was the Seven Years’ War and where did it take place? Be sure to be specific on the countries that were fighting against each other.

34. What was the impact of the Seven Years’ War on the British?

35. How did Islam contribute to biological exchanges in the classical time period?

36. What was the Columbian Exchange?

37. Describe the impact of the Columbian Exchange.
38. What empires were impacted by epidemics in the Americas and what were the effects?

39. Over the long term, how did the Columbian Exchange increase human population?

40. What goods were spread from Eurasia to the western hemisphere?

41. What goods did Africa contribute?

42. What goods traveled from Europe (old world) to the Americas (new world)?

43. What crops from America took root in Africa, Asia, and Europe?

44. Describe the impact of the Columbian Exchange and why.

45. Describe the different migrations that were involved in the Columbian Exchange.

46. What did the voyages of European merchants encourage?

47. Describe the exchanges of goods that occurred.
The Origins of Global Trade: The Manila Galleons (p. 488)
48. Describe the experience of the Manila galleons and the impact of silver in creating a global economy.

The Origins of Global Trade: Environmental Effects of Global Trade (p. 488-489)
49. Describe the environmental effects of Global trade.