Historians have traditionally labeled the period after the War of 1812 the "Era of Good Feelings." Evaluate the accuracy of this label, considering the emergence of nationalism and sectionalism.
Following the end of the War of 1812, America entered the **Era of Good Feelings** (Monroe Presidency)

James Madison is replaced by James Monroe, fellow Virginian and Democratic Republican, 1816.

Crushed Federalists

183 electoral votes

To

34

Federalist Party dies, and **one-party system** begins
What is the **VERB** and what does it mean?
What are you being asked to do?

What is the **time period**?

What **themes** are you to include in your analysis?

Identify your point of view **Y**
Identify an alternate point of view **X**
Identify your list **A, B, C**

Write your thesis.
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Political Reasons for/against EGF</th>
<th>Social Reasons for/against EGF</th>
<th>Economic Reasons for/against EGF</th>
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</table>
EGF? Yes or No?

Tariff of 1816
Westward Expansion

Treaty of 1818 with GB - Americans and Canadians shared Newfoundland fisheries, drew northern Louisiana border, and 10-year joint occupation of Oregon
Westward Expansion

The Adams-Onís Treaty
Showing area claimed by the US before the treaty, and results of the new agreement.
The Panic of 1819

Caused By
Land speculation went out of control,
Was essentially gambling on westward expansion

Wildcat Banks (western banks) were forced to foreclose on new farms, which created ill will toward national bank (Wildcat banks issued currency and fought the National Bank which couldn’t support expansion due to poor infrastructure)

Impact:
Fed new movement of western men in west which gave birth to Jacksonian Democrats
Debtors prisons gained attention and scrutiny

EGF? Yes or No?
Missouri Compromise of 1820
Political, economic, and social conflict over new states

NEW STATES

Vermont 1791
Kentucky 1792
Tennessee 1796
Ohio 1803
Louisiana 1812
Indiana 1816
Mississippi 1817
Illinois 1818
Alabama 1819

MISSOURI COMPROMISE
Maine 1820
Missouri 1821

36° 30’ – Missouri Compromise Line

EGF? Yes or No?
Slave Revolts

We have [slavery] a wolf by the ears,
And we can neither hold him nor safely let him go.
Thomas Jefferson

[Slavery] is a mere preamble…To a tragic volume.
John Quincy Adams

Haitian Revolt
German Coast Uprising
Denmark Vesey
George Boxley
The Election of 1820
The Virginia Dynasty Continued
Washington Jefferson Madison Monroe
“...The American continents, by the free and independent condition which they have assumed and maintain, are henceforth not to be considered as subjects for future colonization by any European powers.”

—President Monroe's seventh annual message to Congress, December 2, 1823
Making the world safe for democracy...

1. The Monroe Doctrine warned Europeans NOT to seek any further colonization in the New World.

   DECLARING THE ERA OF COLONIZATION OVER

2. And, it warned against any interference or intervention in colonial rebellions.

   DECLARING THE NEW WORLD SAFE FROM EUROPEAN MONARCHS
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